

**CONTROLLING OFFICER'S REPLY**

**FHB(FE)154**

**(Question Serial No. 2539)**

Head: (49) Food and Environmental Hygiene Department  
Subhead (No. & title): (-) Not specified  
Programme: (1) Food Safety and Public Health  
Controlling Officer: Director of Food and Environmental Hygiene (Miss Vivian LAU)  
Director of Bureau: Secretary for Food and Health

Question:

1. The samples taken from food animals for testing of veterinary drug residues has been decreasing in number for successive years. What is/are the reason(s)?
2. The Food and Environmental Hygiene Department mentioned that it will continue to follow up proactively on the recommendations in the Audit Reports released in November 2018 and the Public Accounts Committee reports concerned to strengthen the functions of the Centre for Food Safety in food safety management and food import control. Has the Department accepted all the recommendations? If not, how are the accepted recommendations implemented and what are the resources involved? What are the difficulties to be involved in implementing the unaccepted recommendations?

Asked by: Hon WONG Pik-wan, Helena (LegCo internal reference no.: 19)

Reply:

1. The total quantity of live food animals admitted to slaughterhouses decreased last year, mainly due to a drop in overall supply of live pigs from the Mainland following the detection of a case of African Swine Fever in Hong Kong in May 2019. Despite a decrease in the number of samples taken from live food animals for testing in 2019, the rate of sampling was higher when compared with 2018.
2. The Centre for Food Safety (CFS) of the Food and Environmental Hygiene Department accepted the views and recommendations made by the Audit Commission (Audit) and the Legislative Council (LegCo) Public Accounts Committee (PAC) concerning its work of food safety management and import control and set up a task group led by the Controller, CFS, in 2019 to take forward the recommendations. The task group has completed its comprehensive reviews on CFS's operational manuals and guidelines, staff management and supervision arrangements, training requirements, and manpower and resource requirements. CFS has rolled out concrete and effective short, medium and long-term measures to enhance its effectiveness by phases, including updating its guidelines where there were inadequacies or ambiguities

and introducing a mechanism for regular updates, enhancing training and supervision of frontline staff, strengthening staff's law enforcement mindset and the keeping of data and records. The specific measures taken and their implementation were set out in the Government minutes submitted to LegCo in May and December 2019.

In addition, CFS set up a dedicated team in end 2017 to look closely at its operational workflow, revamp its information technology (IT) systems for higher efficiency, and enhance its mode of operation through IT to support the work of its frontline staff and reinforce its capability in food import control, surveillance, incident management, risk assessment and traceability. CFS also launched the Food Trader Portal (FTP) in stages at the end of 2019 as a platform for electronic communication with the trade. Through the FTP, food traders can complete registration as importers or distributors by electronic means. In the first quarter of 2020, CFS further introduced an online service to facilitate food traders to apply online for import licences and import permission in respect of meat, poultry and game.

In 2020-21, CFS will continue to implement specific measures to follow up on the recommendations of Audit and PAC and enhance its IT systems in an order of priorities. The estimated expenditure of CFS in 2020-21 is about \$49 million more than the revised estimate for 2019-20. This includes the expenditure incurred for the creation of 15 additional civil service posts to enhance the safeguard of food safety.

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